

What is?

Motivation

How is it built up?

Value given

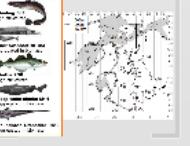
FLBEIA
A toolbox for Bio-Economic Impact Assessment of Management Strategies in deep-water fisheries

Dorleta García, Guzmán Díez, Eider Andonegi, Agurtzane Urtizberea, Sonia Sanchez, Marina Santurtin, Juan Gil, Fernando González, Benjamin Planque, Paul Marchal, Phil Large, Pascal Lorance

Red (black spot) Seabream in the Strait of Gibraltar (ICES Division IXa)



Blue ling (French Deepwater Mixed Fisheries) (ICES Divisions Vb, VI, VII and XIIb)



Red Fish (ICES Subareas I, II)



Diagram

Diagram illustrating the FLBEIA process flow:

```

    graph TD
        A[Data Input] --> B[Modeling]
        B --> C[Impact Assessment]
        C --> D[Optimization]
        D --> E[Policy Recommendation]
        E --> F[Implementation]
        F --> G[Monitoring & Evaluation]
        G --> H[Feedback Loop]
        H --> A
    
```

Thanks !





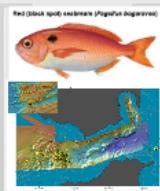
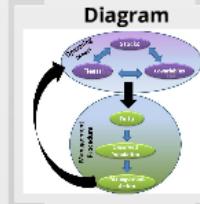
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A toolbox for Bio-Economic Impact Assessment of Management Strategies in deep-water fisheries

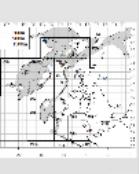
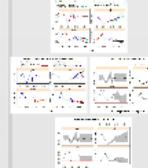
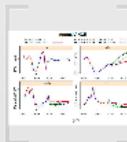
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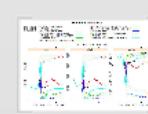
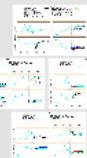
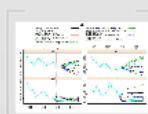
Diagram



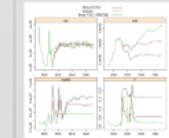
Red (black spot) Seabream in the Strait of Gibraltar (ICES Division IXa)



Blue ling (French Deepwater Mixed Fisheries) (ICES Divisions Vb, VI, VII and XIIb)



Red Fish (ICES Subareas I, II)





motivation



Value



FLBEIA

A toolbox for Bio-Economic Impact Assessment of Management Strategies in deep-water fisheries



Dorleta Garcia, Guzmán Díez, Eider Andonegi, Agurtzane Urtizberea, Sonia Sanchez, Marina Santurtún, Juan Gil, Fernando González, Benjamin Planque, Paul Marchal, Phil Large, Pascal Lorance

**Red (black spot) Seabream in the Strait of
Gibraltar (ICES Division IXa)**

Deepfishman

DEEPISHMAN WP7 objectives:

- To define case study management strategies, both in the short and long term, in order to evaluate the biological, bioeconomic and ecosystem implications of these strategies.
- To develop a prototype short and long-term management and monitoring framework for deep-water fisheries/stocks, using FLR.

DEEPISHMAN WP7 objectives:

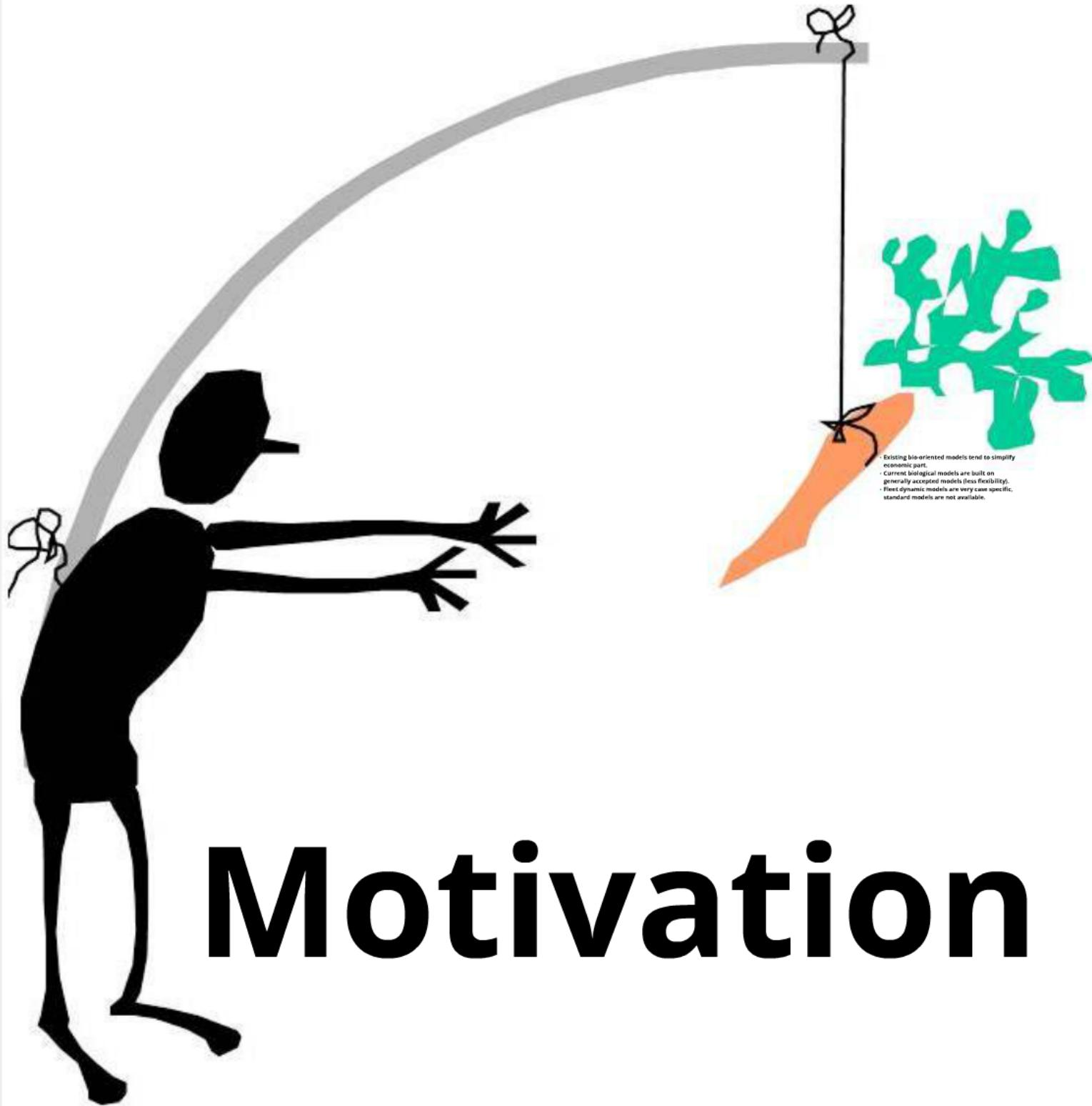
- .- To define case study management strategies, both in the short and long term, in order to evaluate the biological, bioeconomic and ecosystem implications of these strategies.
- .- To develop a prototype short and long-term management and monitoring framework for deep-water fisheries/stocks, using FLR.

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What is it?

- A Bio-Economic simulation toolbox oriented to conduct impact assessment of multiannual management plans.
- Follows MSE framework.
- Multi-stock and multi-fleet.
- Seasonal.
- Built using R-FLR.

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- Follows MSE framework.
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- Existing bio-oriented models tend to simplify economic part.
- Current biological models are built on generally accepted models (less flexibility).
- Most dynamic models are very case specific, standard models are not available.

- Existing bio-oriented models tend to simplify economic part.
- Current biological models are built on generally accepted models (less flexibility).
- Fleet dynamic models are very case specific, standard models are not available.



How is it built up?

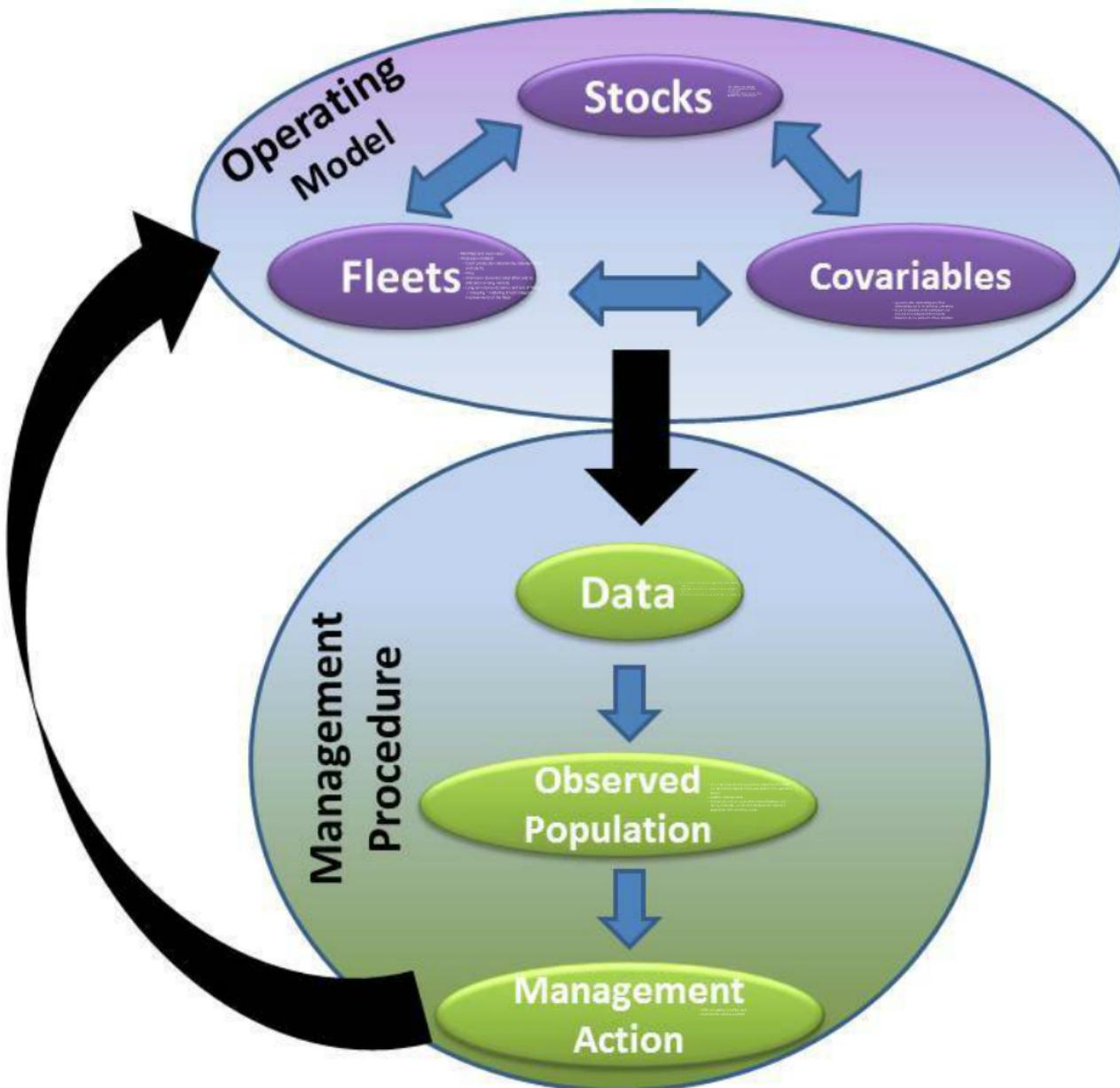
- The model has been constructed modularly.
- The fishery and management systems are defined as the “sum” of “small” processes.
- There are functions at different levels that assemble the models at lower levels.

Value given



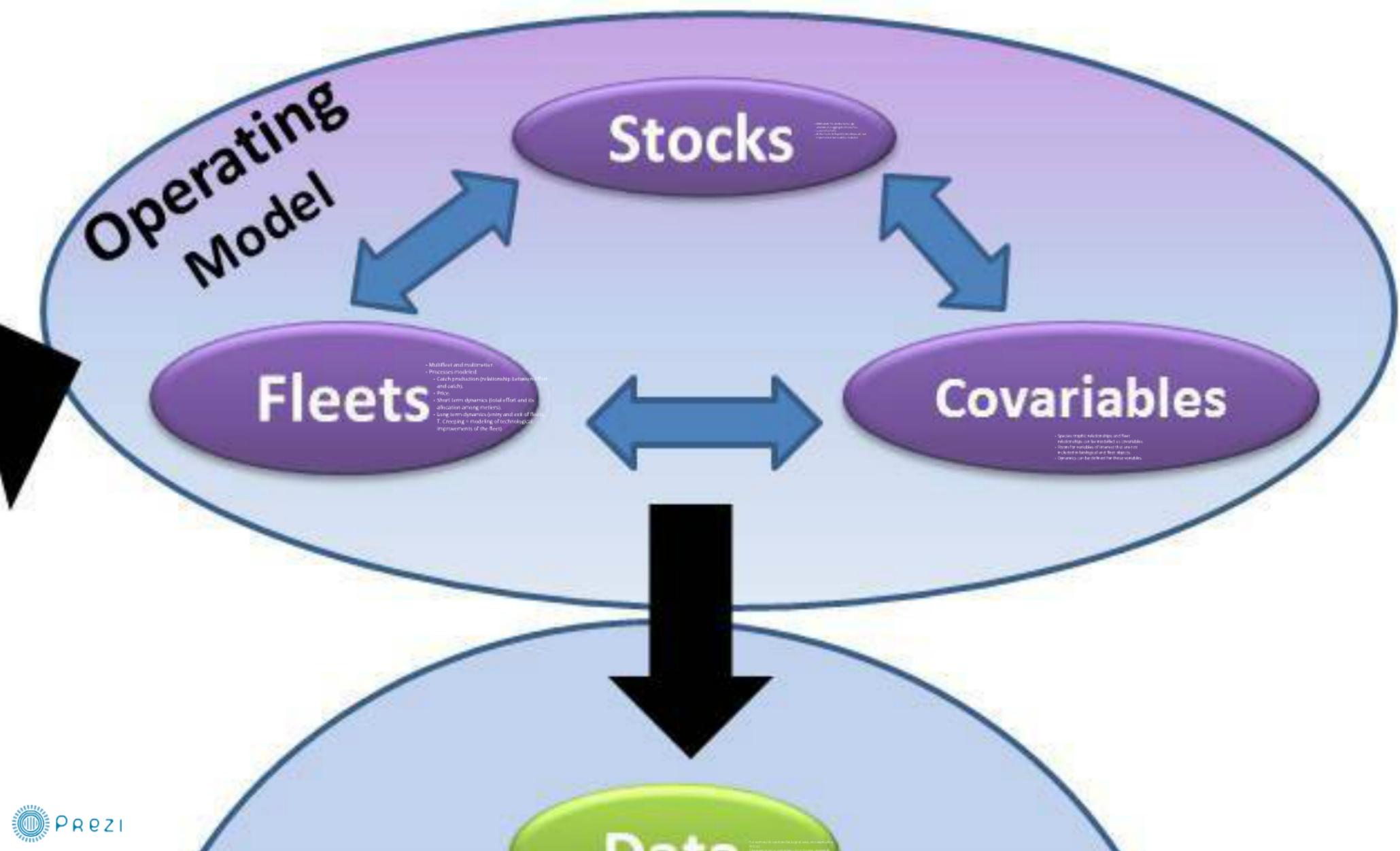
- Biologic and economic components are fully coupled and balanced .
- Management advice can be given based on:
 - Real population.
 - Observed population through the whole management process
- It Is extensible with new inputs
- Uncertainty can be included.

Diagram



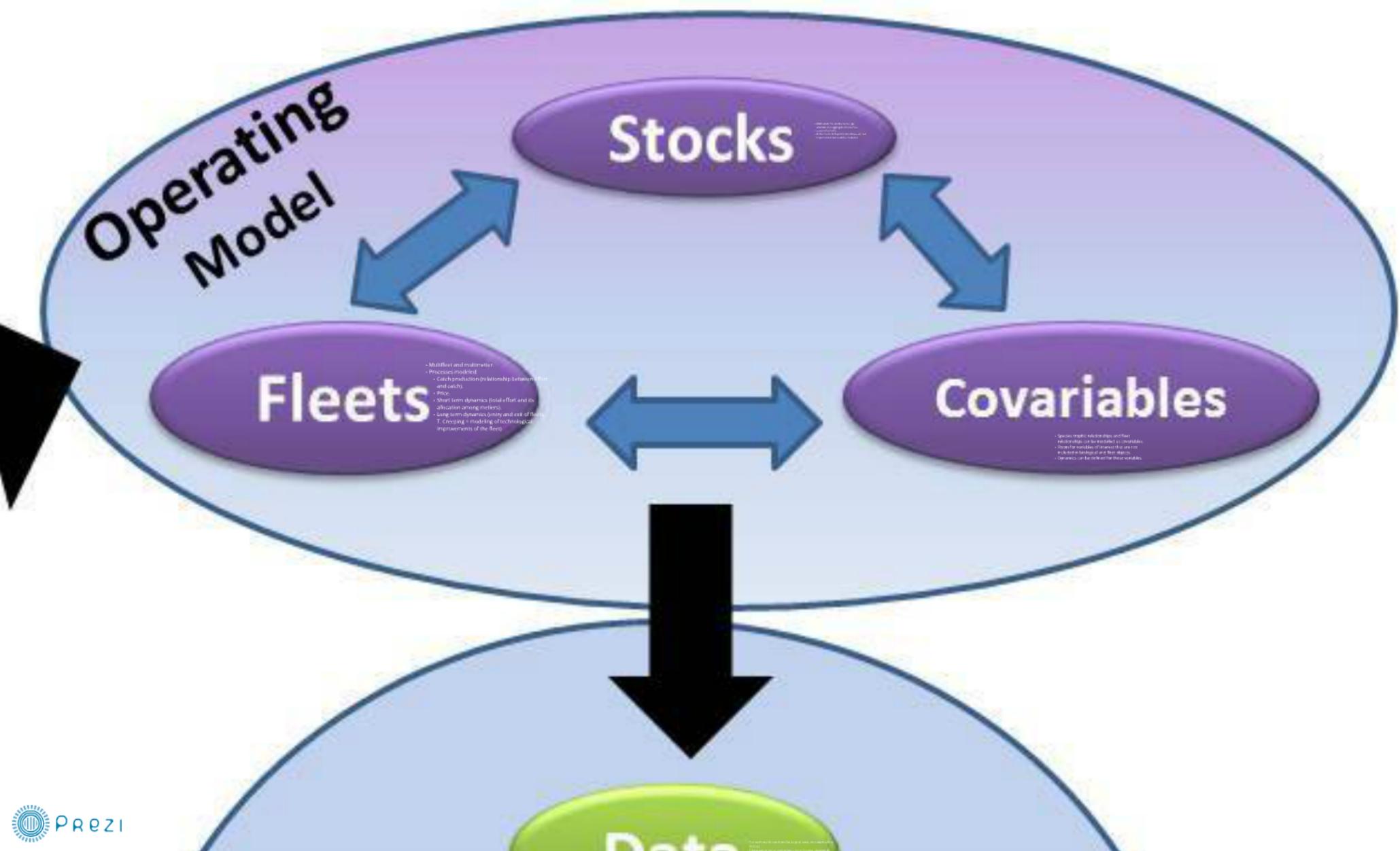
- Multi stock. The stocks can be age structured or aggregated in biomas.
- Seasonal cohorts.
- At the moment trophic interactions are not implemented but could be included.

Diagram



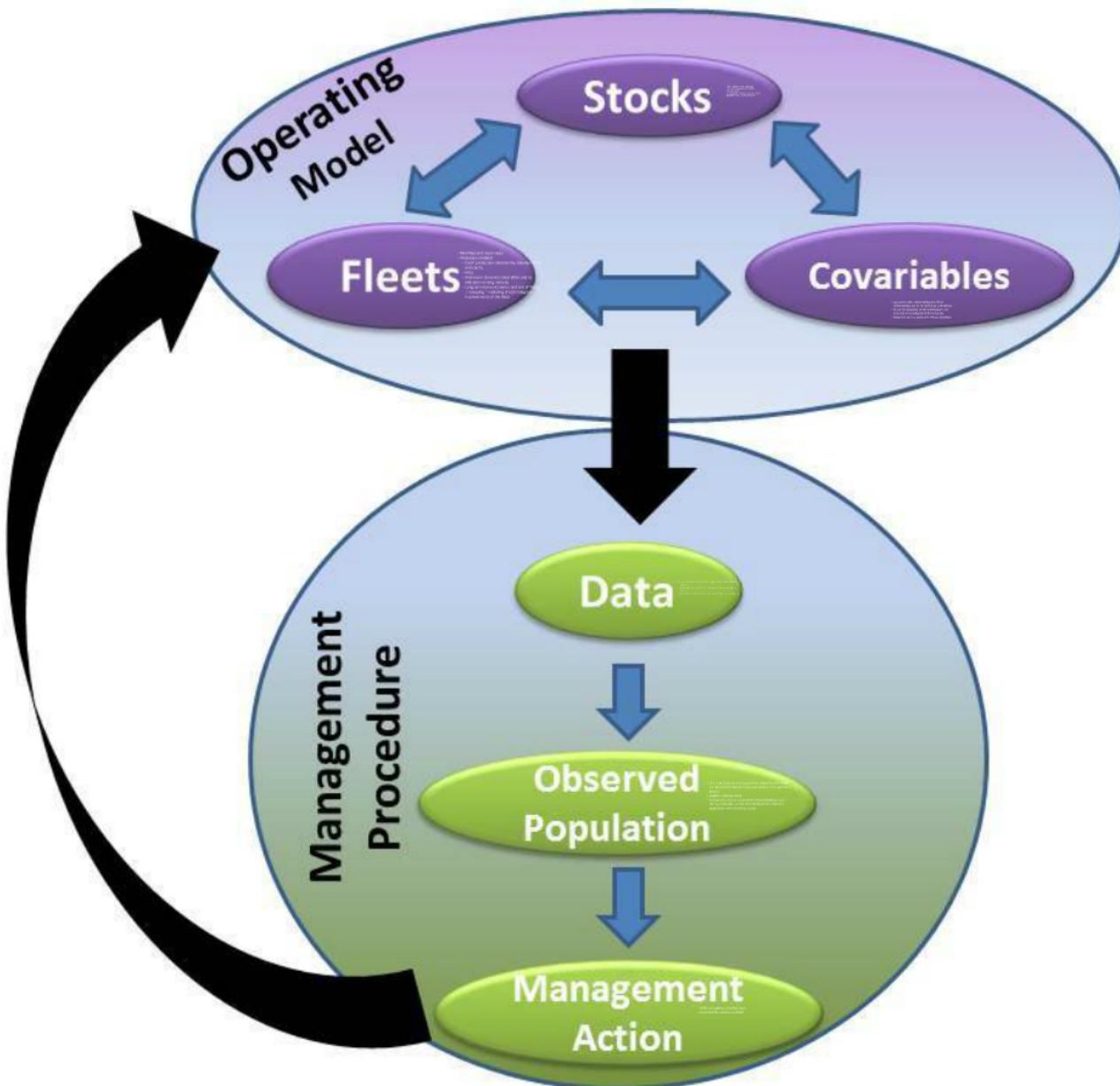
- Multifleet and multimetier.
- Processes modeled:
 - Catch production (relationship between effort and catch).
 - Price.
 - Short term dynamics (total effort and its allocation among metiers).
 - Long term dynamics (entry and exit of fleets, T. Creeping = modeling of technological improvements of the fleet)

Diagram



- Species trophic relationships and fleet relationships can be modelled as covariables
- Room for variables of interest that are not included in biological and fleet objects.
- Dynamics can be defined for these variables.

Diagram



- For each stock: catch and biological data, and abundance indices.
- Observation error can be introduced in any observable variable.
- Stocks and indices can be observed at age or biomass level.

Management Procedure

Management Action

Observed Population

Data

The outcome of an assessment model can be derived from the data simulated in the Operating Model.

Several stock levels

Several HCs already available

The input rate of any assessment model will be derived from the data simulated in the Operating Model.

Aggregation by stock

Instead of using an assessment model, biomass and fishing mortality can be directly observed from the population with no aggregation.

- The input data of any assessment model built in R/FLR can be derived from the data simulated in the Operating Model.
- Applied stock by stock.
- Instead of using an assessment model, biomass and fishing mortality, can be directly 'observed' from the population with or without error.

Management Procedure

Management Action

Observed Population

Data

The outcome of an assessment model can be derived from the data simulated in the Operating Model.

Several stock levels

Several HCs already available

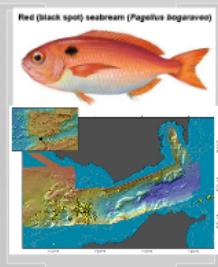
The input rate of any assessment model will be derived from the data simulated in the Operating Model.

Aggregation by stock

Instead of using an assessment model, biomass and fishing mortality can be directly observed from the population with no aggregation.

- HCRs are applied stock by stock.
- Several HCRs already available.

Red (black spot) Seabream in the Strait of Gibraltar (ICES Division IXa)



Population

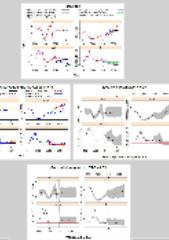
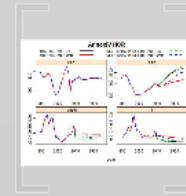
- Age Structured.
- Recent commercially introduced stock from eastern Africa.
- Raster AIC parameterized from a VPA.
- Initial condition obtained combining data for:
 - Initial stock calculated using density AIC.
 - Fishing mortality index (FMSI) CCF.
- Random effect.

Harvest Control Rules

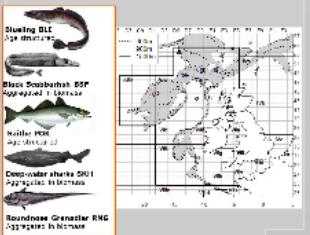
- TAC = 350 t (cover management).
- FCR = 0.15.
- Average FCR (CCFR based TAC).

Scenarios

- ICES control of AIC.
- ICES observation.
- Implementation of FCR.
- Observation error.
- In age.
- In catch when there is implementation error.
- No assessment or TAC.



Blue ling (French Deepwater Mixed Fisheries) (ICES Divisions Vb, VI, VII and XIIb)



Fishes

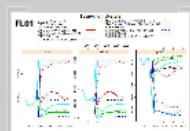
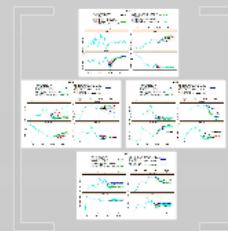
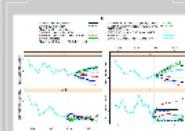
- FL01 and FL02: French deepwater.
- FL03: French deepwater.
- FL04: French deepwater.
- FL05: French deepwater.

Harvest Control Rules

- FL01: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL02: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL03: Management plan Vb.
- FL04: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL05: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).

Scenarios

- Fixed TAC.
- Variable TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL01 and FL02 controlled by TAC, the rest by the about 10% catch.
- FL03: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL04: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).
- FL05: TAC = 1900 t (CCFR based TAC).



Red Fish (ICES Subareas I, II)



Population

- Age structured.
- Initial population obtained from a VPA.

Survey

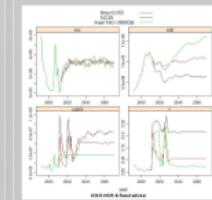
- General and periodic, but no survey from 2000 to 2004.

Harvest Control Rules

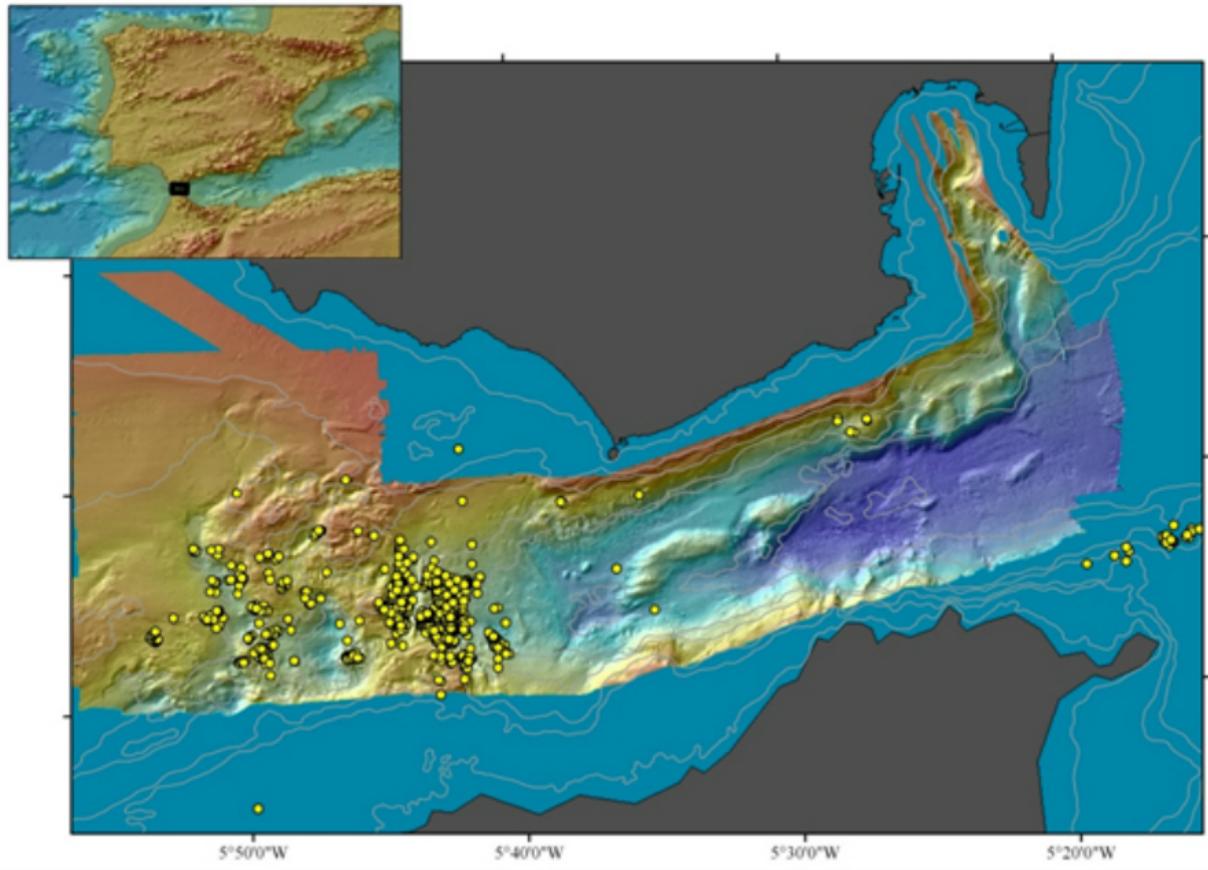
- TAC = 20000 t.
- ICES MSA 4.5 t with a buffer weight: HSI = 0.555.
- DM = 1.25.

Scenarios

- Same fully parameterized from previous literature.
- Additional scenario.
- No assessment.



Red (black spot) seabream (*Pagellus bogaraveo*)



Population

- Age Structured.
- Growth uncertainty introduced using random ALKs.
- Random ALK parameterized from a Von Bertalanffy Bayesian model fit.
- Initial population obtained adjusting XSA to:
 - Random CAA obtained using random ALKs.
 - Random abundance index (30% CV).
- Random effort.

Harvest Control Rules

- TAC = 270 t (current management)
- Ices MSY framework HCR.
- AnnexIVHCR (CPUE based HCR).

Scenarios

HCRs combined with:

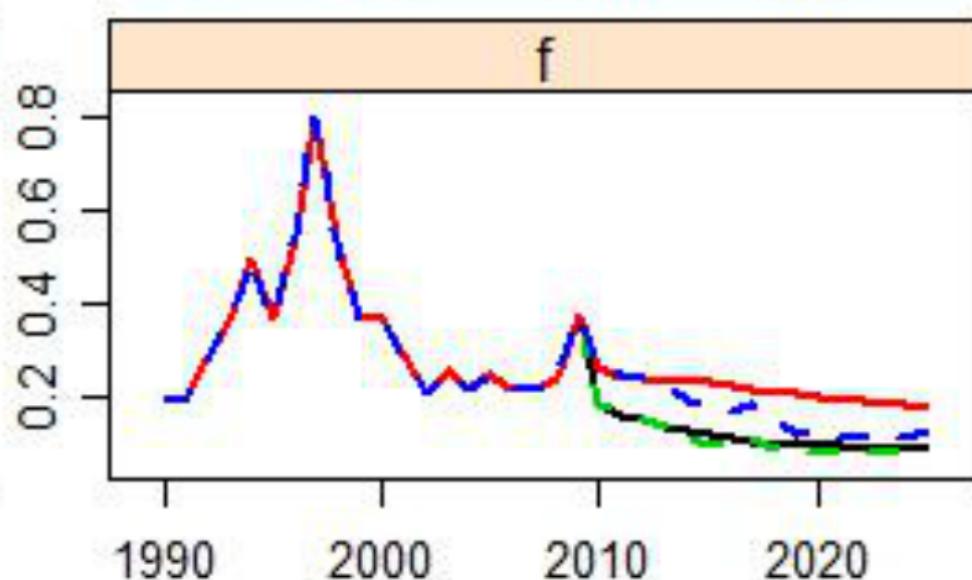
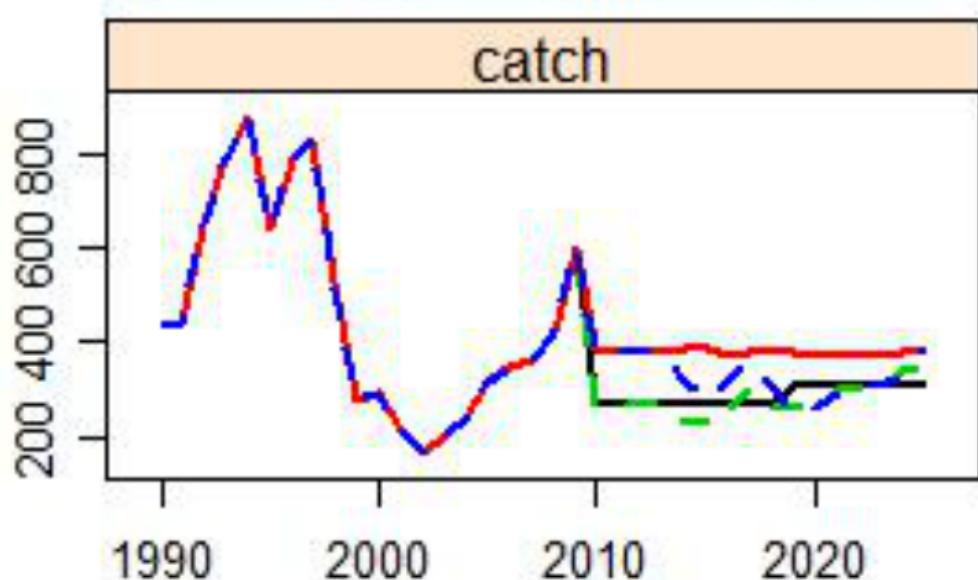
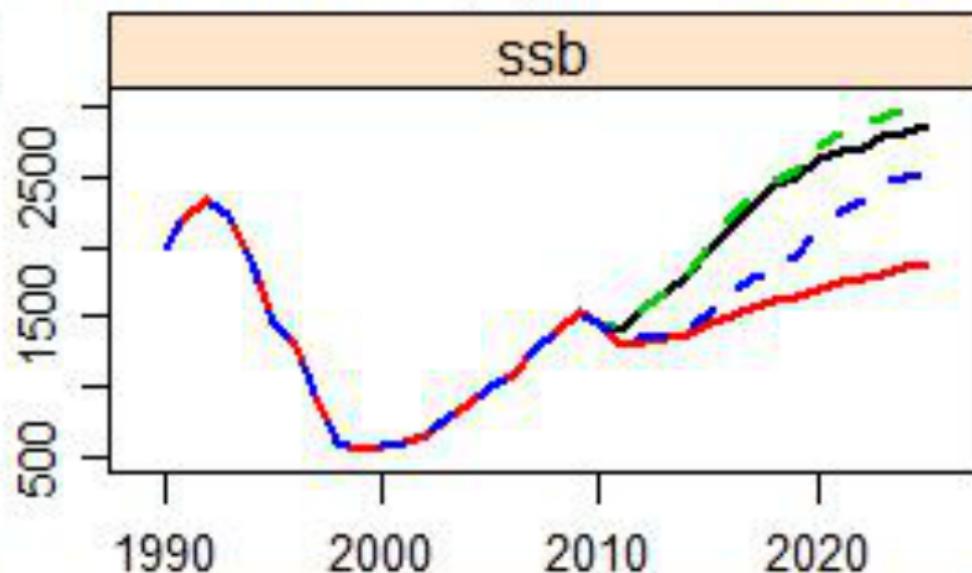
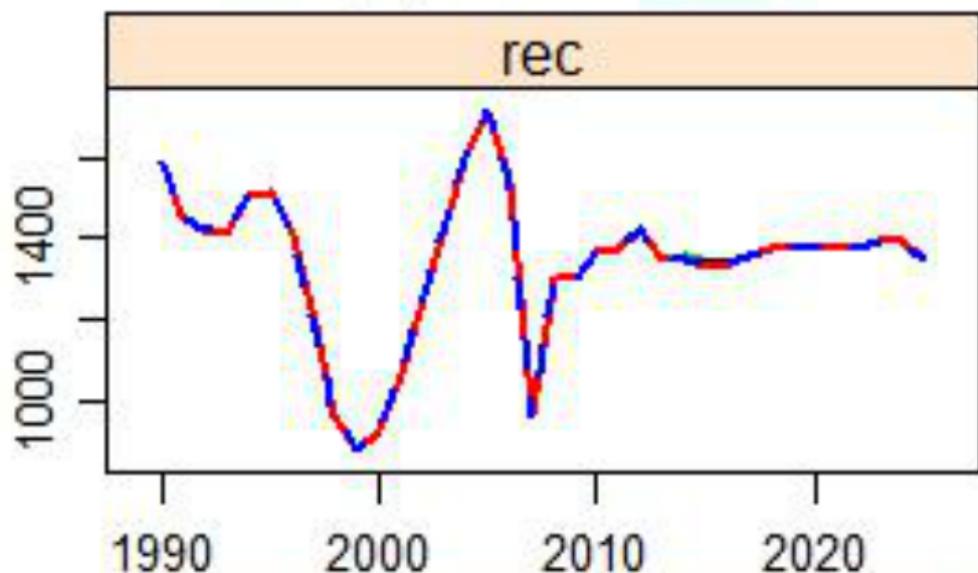
- Perfect Observation.
- Implementation Error.
- Observation error:
 - In age.
 - In catch when there is implementation error.
- No assessment or XSA

AnnexIV HCR

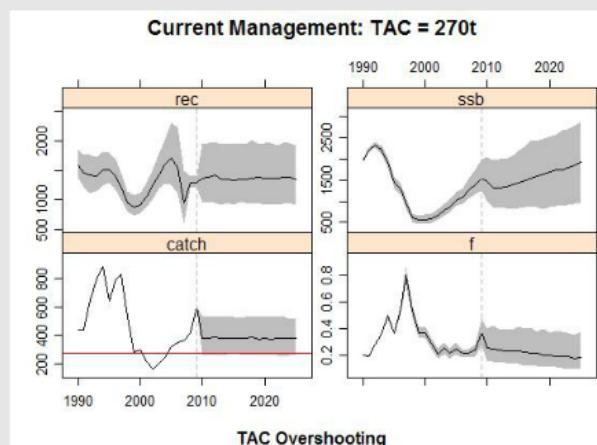
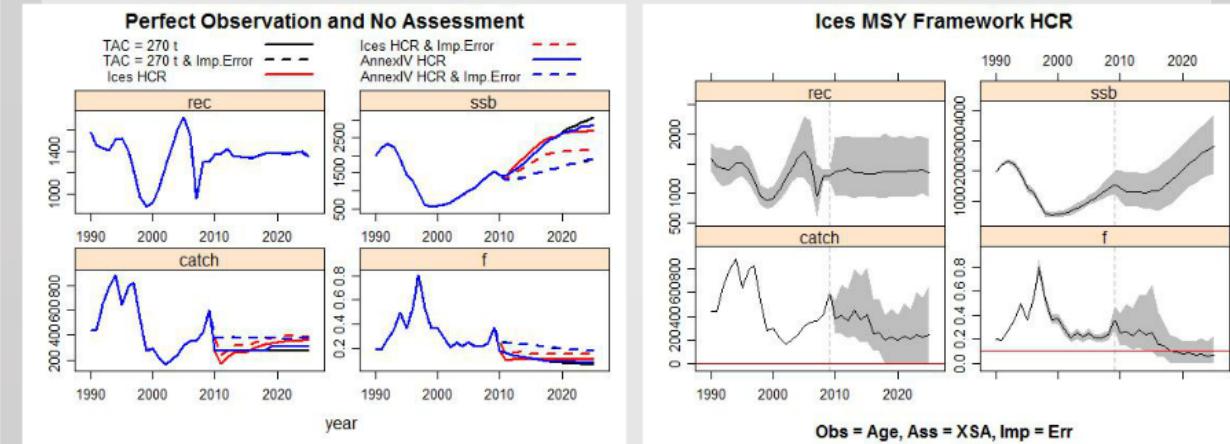
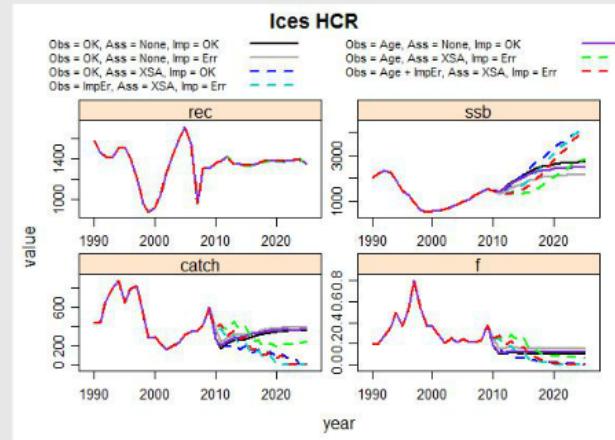
Obs = OK, Imp = OK
Obs = OK, Imp = Error



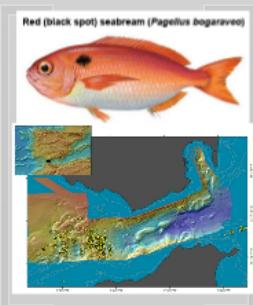
Obs = 30%CV in the Index, Imp = OK
Obs = 30%CV in the Index, Imp = Error



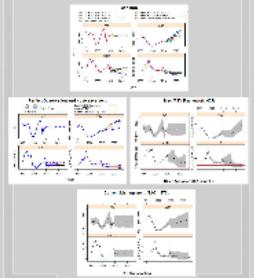
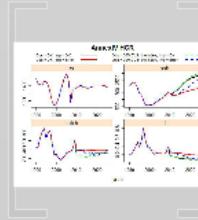
year



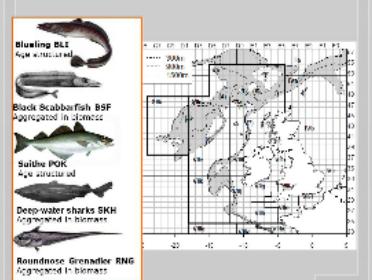
Red (black spot) Seabream in the Strait of Gibraltar (ICES Division IXa)



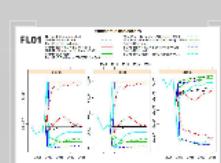
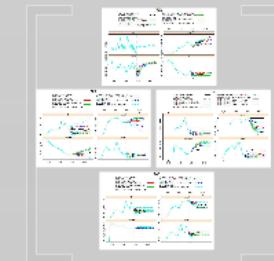
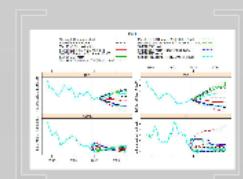
- Population**
 - Age structured.
 - Growth uncertainty introduced using random ALKs.
 - Random ALKs generated from a Von Bertalanffy growth model.
 - Initial population estimated according to:
 - Random CAA obtained using random ALKs.
 - Random abundance index (30% CV).
 - Random effort.
- Harvest Control Rules**
 - TAC = 275 t (constant management).
 - ICES MSY framework HCR.
 - ALBONOMYCR (ICHE based HCR).
- Scenarios**
 - HCRs combined with:
 - Perfect observation.
 - Implementation error.
 - Observation error:
 - In age.
 - In catch when there is implementation error.
 - No assessment or ASA.



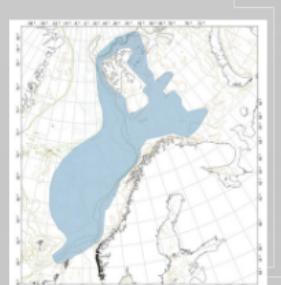
Blue ling (French Deepwater Mixed Fisheries) (ICES Divisions Vb, VI, VII and XIIb)



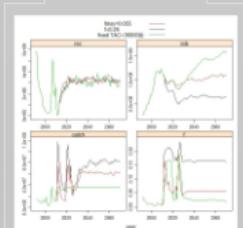
- Fishes**
 - FLO1 area: BLI, BSF, POC.
 - FLO2: BSF, POC.
 - FLO3: BLI, BSF, POC, PUF, PUFV, PLXH, PLXV, PLXG.
 - FLO4: PUF, PUFV, PLXH, PLXV, PLXG.
- Harvest Control Rules**
 - BLI, BSF, POC: ICES MSY HCR.
 - PUF, PLXH, PLXV, PLXG: Management Plan ICHE.
- Scenarios**
 - FLO1, FLO2, FLO3: Implementation error (30% for the ICES MSY HCR, 10% for the PUF, PLXH, PLXV, PLXG management plan).
 - FLO4: Implementation error (30% for the PUF, PLXH, PLXV, PLXG management plan determined to satisfy code HCR ICHE).
 - The rest: BSF.

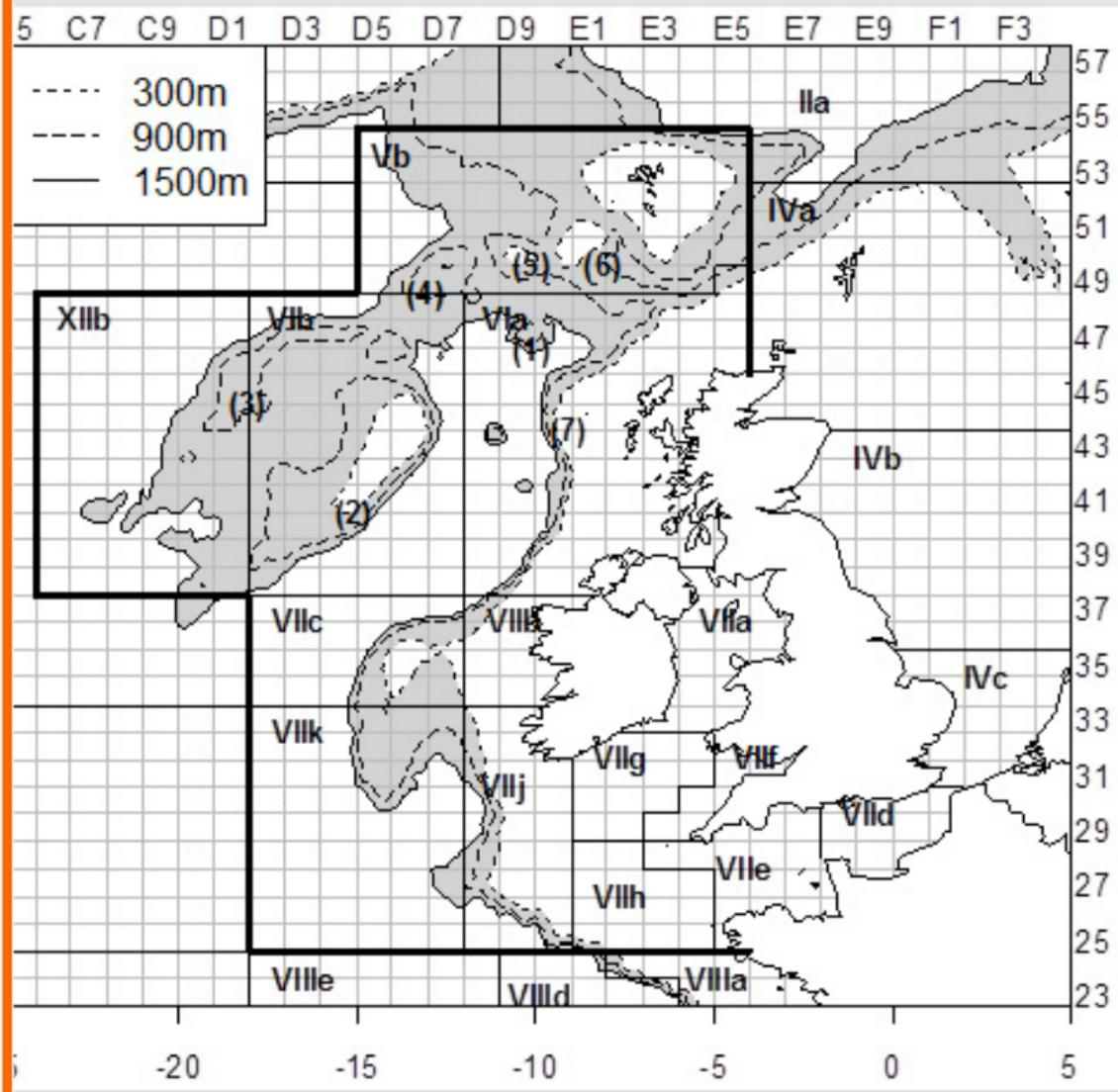
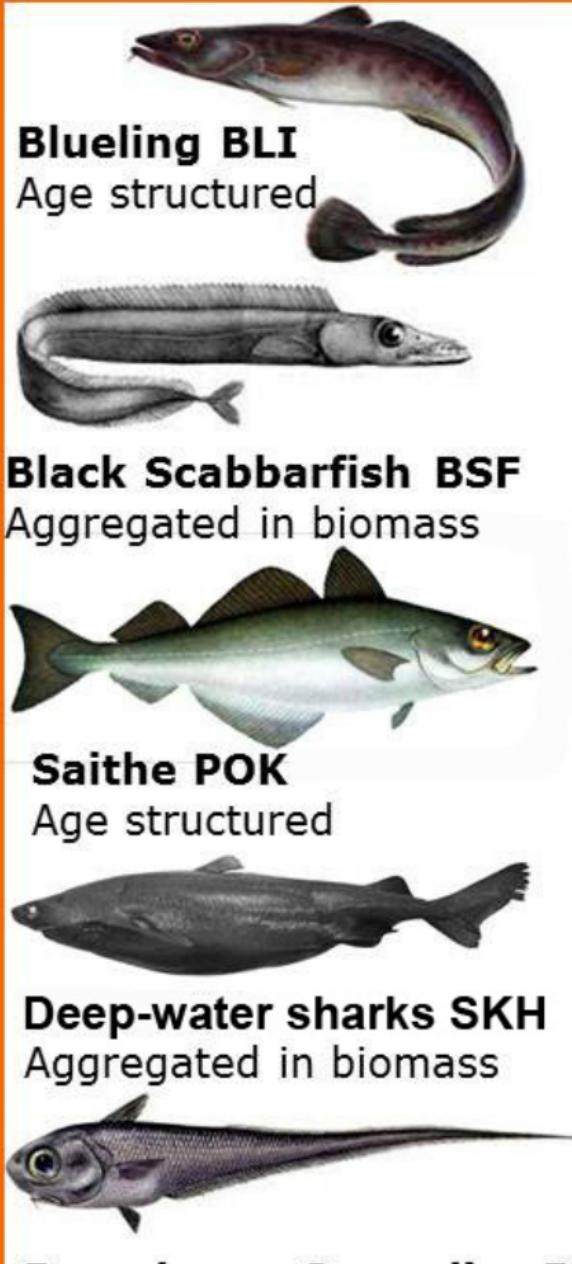


Red Fish (ICES Subareas I, II)



- Population**
 - Age structured.
 - Initial population obtained from a Bayesian model.
- Fishes**
 - Demersal and pelagic, but we study them as one fleet.
- Harvest Control Rules:**
 - TAC = 360000 t.
 - ICES MSY HCR with different ranges:
 - RDI = 0.0155
 - 500 > 0.05
- Scenarios**
 - Specifically generated stock recruitment relationships for redfish.
 - Perfect observation.
 - No assessment.





Fleets

- FL01 and FL02:
 - Mixed Fisheries
 - French fleets with 10 metiers.
- FLBLI, FLBSF, FLPOK , FLSKH, FLRNG:
 - Single stock fisheries.
 - Account for non-french catch.

Harvest Control Rules

- BLI, BSF, RNG: Ices MSY HCR.
- SKH: TAL = 0 (discards allowed).
- POK: Management Plan HCR

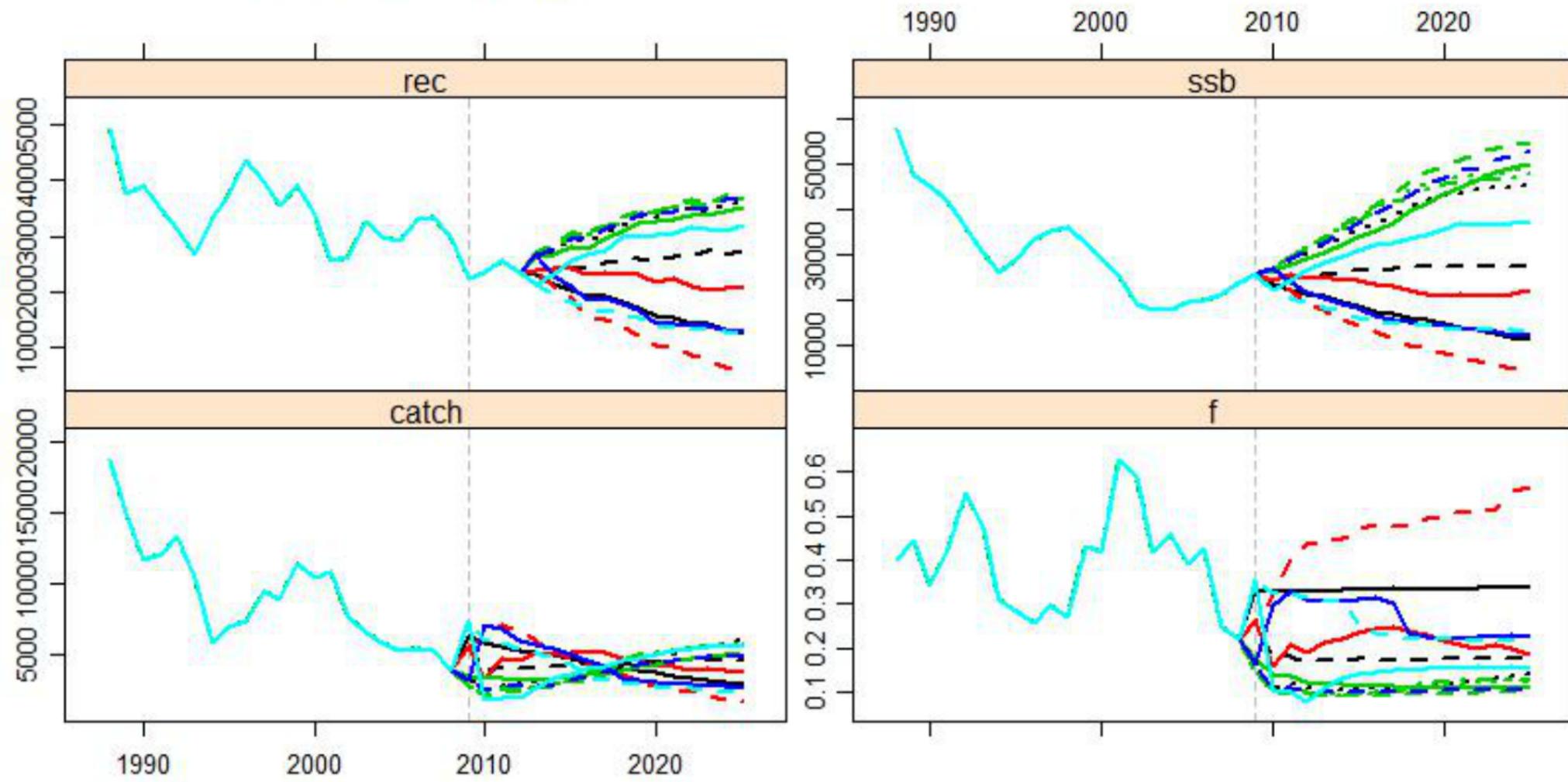
Scenarios

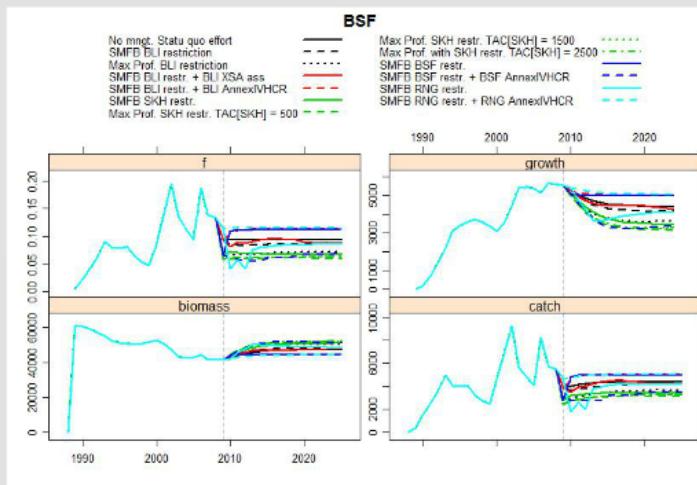
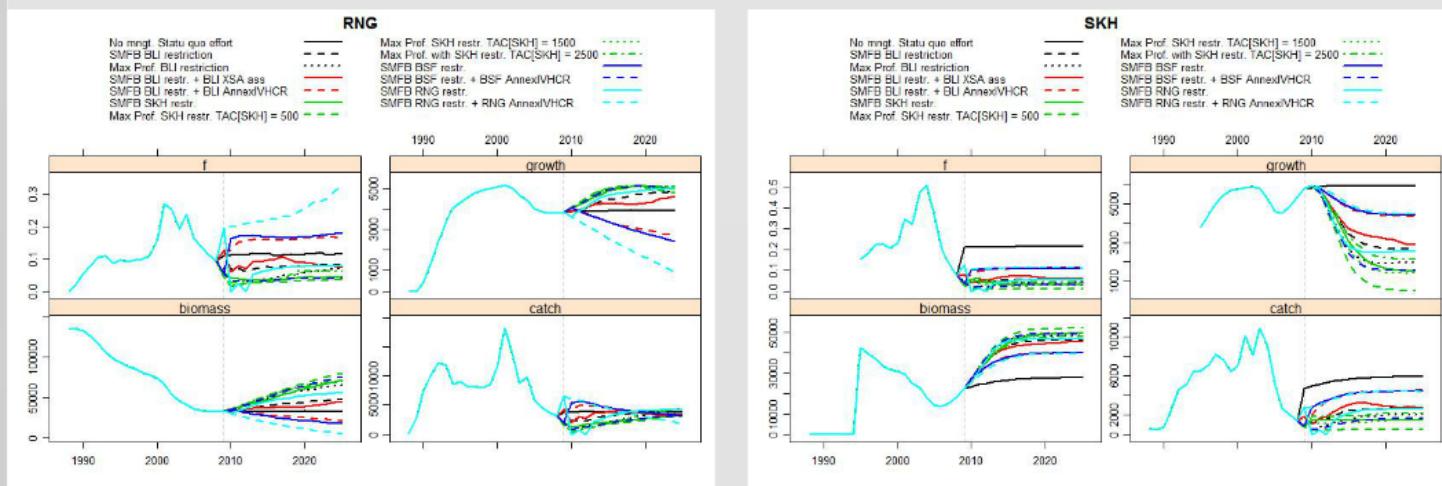
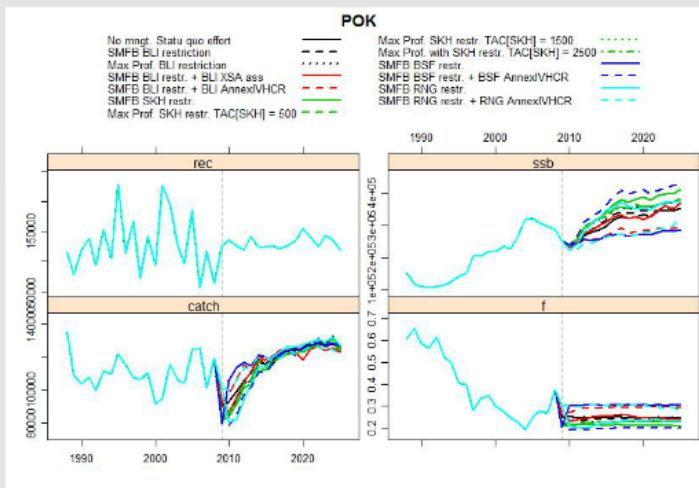
- Fixed Effort.
- Simple Mixed Fisheries Behaviour (F-cube like). FL01 and FL02 constrained by BLI, the rest by the stock they catch.
- FL01: Maximization of profits constrained to comply with BLI TAC.
The rest: SMFB.

BLI

No mngrt. Statu quo effort
SMFB BLI restriction
Max Prof. BLI restriction
SMFB BLI restr. + BLI XSA ass
SMFB BLI restr. + BLI AnnexIVHCR
SMFB SKH restr.
Max Prof. SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 500

Max Prof. SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 1500
Max Prof. with SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 2500
SMFB BSF restr.
SMFB BSF restr. + BSF AnnexIVHCR
SMFB RNG restr.
SMFB RNG restr. + RNG AnnexIVHCR



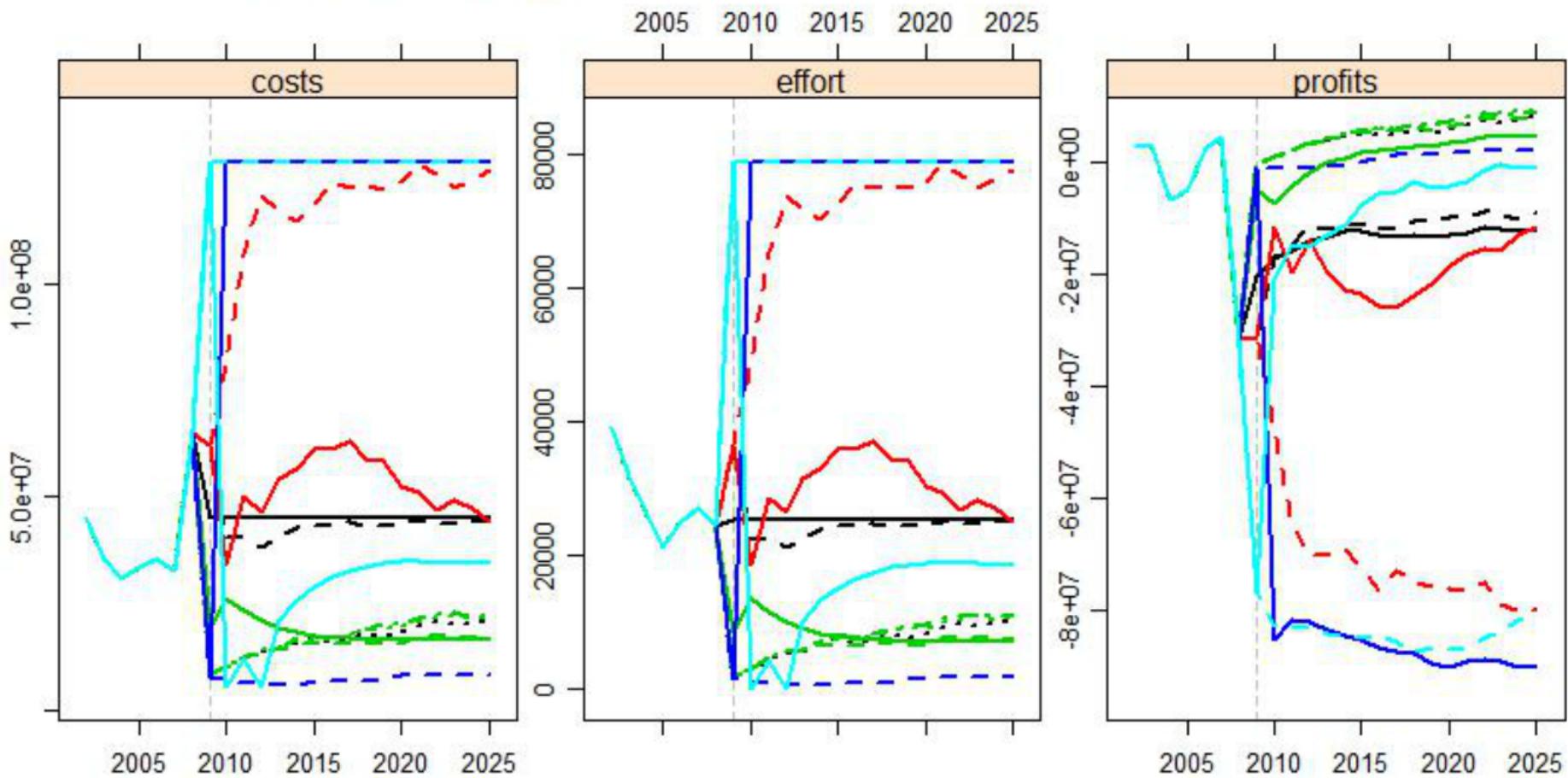


Economic Indicators

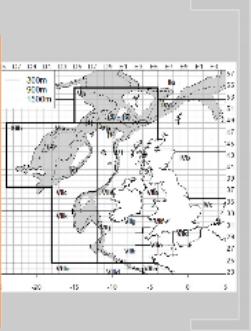
FL01

No mngt. Statu quo effort
 SMFB BLI restriction
 Max Prof. BLI restriction
 SMFB BLI restr. + BLI XSA ass
 SMFB BLI restr. + BLI AnnexIVHCR
 SMFB SKH restr.
 Max Prof. SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 500

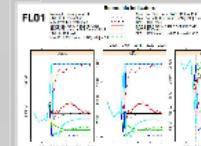
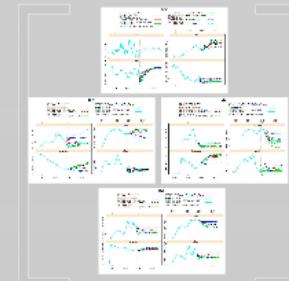
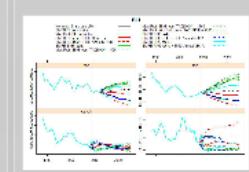
Max Prof. SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 1500
 Max Prof. with SKH restr. TAC[SKH] = 2500
 SMFB BSF restr.
 SMFB BSF restr. + BSF AnnexIVHCR
 SMFB RNG restr.
 SMFB RNG restr. + RNG AnnexIVHCR



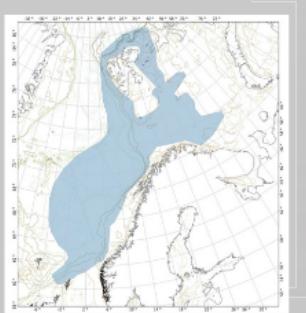
Blue ling (French Deepwater Mixed Fisheries) (ICES Divisions Vb, VI, VII and XIIb)



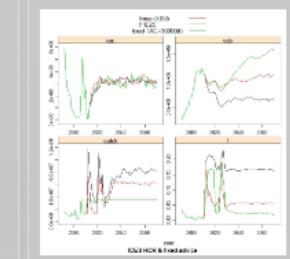
- Fleets**
 - FHST and FHST2
 - French license
 - French trucks with 10 trailers
 - FHLL1, LUR1, LUR2, LUR3, LUR5
 - Single truck trailers
 - Average for non-french trucks
 - Harvest Control Rules**
 - ELU: Best Practice Rule for HCR
 - ELU: 5% of (Avarage allowed)
 - POK: Management Rule for HCR
 - Scenarios**
 - Low Input
 - Slow Increase in Milk Behaviour (FPO like) 1000 t. Less compensated by ILU than the first 500 t. (with a plateau of protein content in milk around 4.5%)
 - ILU: 500 t. POK: 500 t.



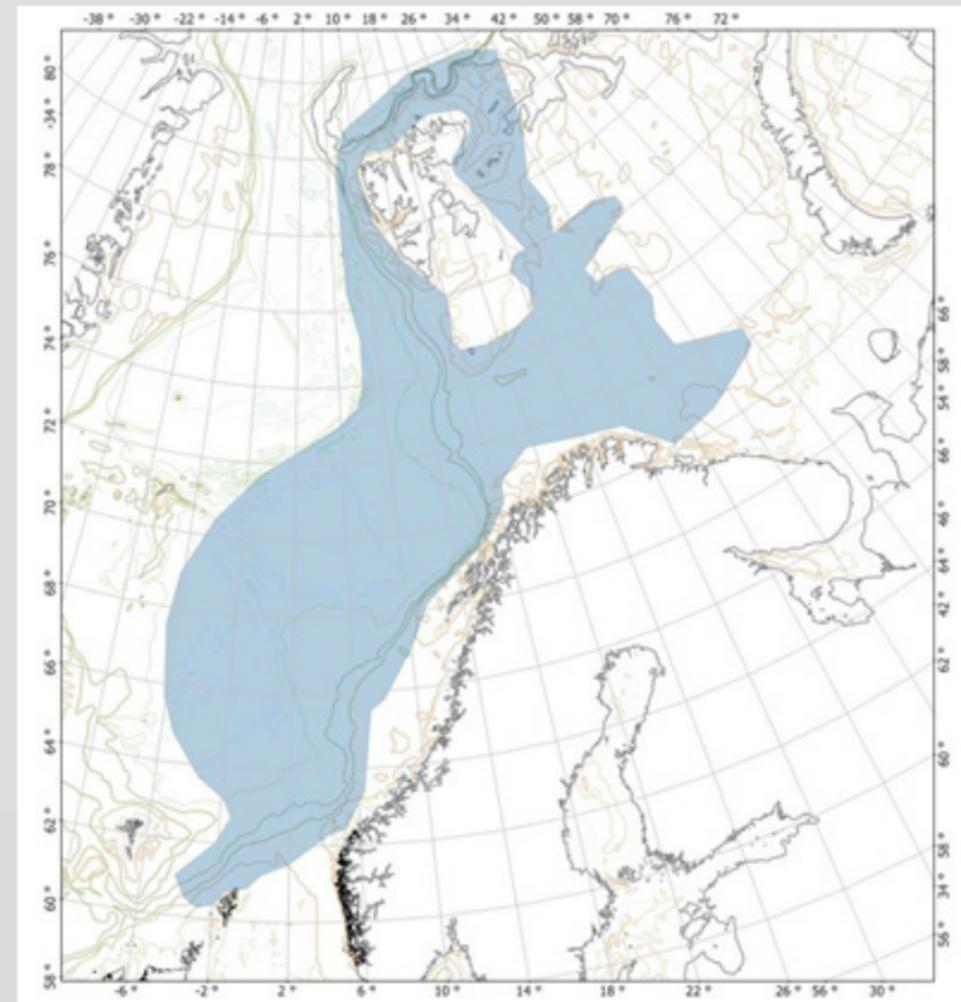
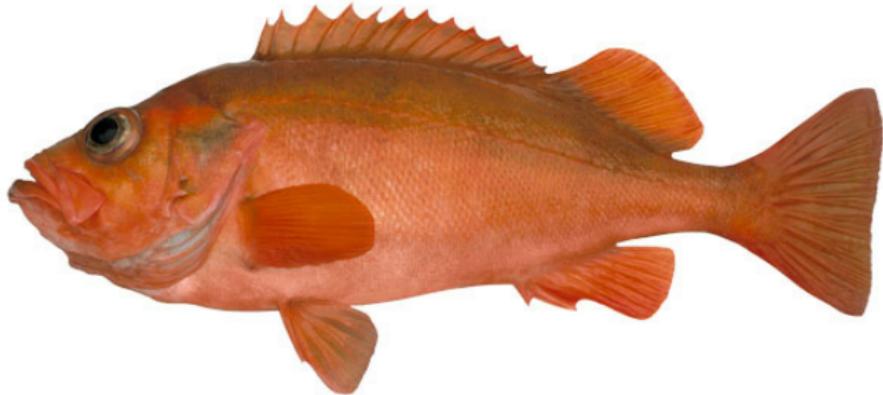
Red Fish (ICES Subareas I, II)



- Population
 - Age structured.
 - Initial population obtained from a bayesian model.
 - Fleets
 - Demersal and pelagic, but we study them as one fleet
 - Threat Control Rules:
 - TAC = 350000t
 - IUCN MSY HCR with different Targets:
101 = 0.65
F200 = 0.23
 - Ecosystems:
 - Specifically generated Stock Recruitment relationship for redfish.
 - Perfect conservation.
 - No assessment.



Red Fish (*Sebastes mentella*)



Population

- Age structured.
- Initial population obtained from a bayesian model.

Fleets

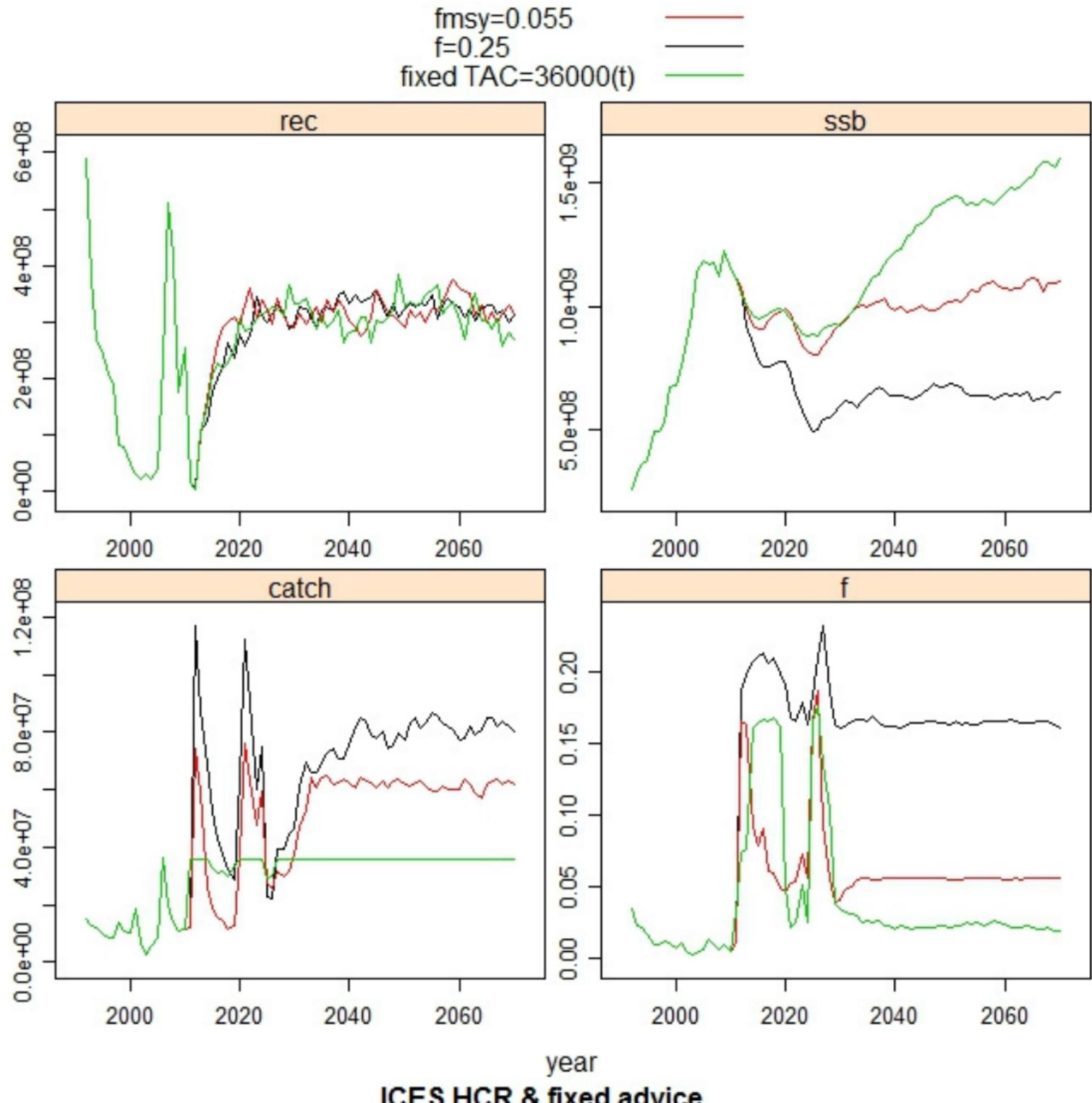
- Demersal and pelagic, but we study them as one fleet

Harvest Control Rules:

- TAC = 36000(t).
- ICES MSY HCR with different Ftarget:
 $f_{01} = 0.055$
 $f_{500} = 0.25$

Scenarios:

- Specifically generated Stock Recruitment relationship for redfish.
- Perfect observation.
- No Assessment



Thanks !

